

DMA

Annual Management Convention
On
RISE OF INDIA ON GLOBAL HORIZON
23rd March 2018



CONFERENCE CHAIRMAN



Mr. Ved Prakash
Chairman
MMTC Limited

CONVENTION OVERVIEW

Today India is standing up to become one of the fastest growth engines in the world. In fact, over the next decade, India's growth could hit nearly 7% here probably overtaking China as the big engine of global economy.

Certain factors that are empowering India's growth such as Urbanization, Skill Development, Infrastructure Development, Smart Cities, Digitalization, Make in India initiatives etc. The administrative reforms by the government for ease to do business as well as enhancing the use of Technology are ensuring that the growth engine have multiple cylinders now to further give the required thrust.

The role of both private and public sector is critical in this journey. Private sector has an important role of India's rising stature among the world economies by encouraging entrepreneurial spirit. Additionally, it also needs to partner with the government (Central / State) in order to implement new developmental practices / approaches.

Future of India is driven by the belief that India can build shared prosperity for its around 1.3 billion citizens by transforming the way economy creates value. The key sectors such as education, health care, agriculture, financial services, power, manufacturing, digital physical connectivity suggest that new solutions are the need of the hour. This journey would certainly not be easy and would be engaged with full sets of challenges and may or may not directly ensure growth. But with concerted efforts, by one and all, things can look up.

OBJECTIVES

The convention is designed to provide the participants the knowledge and skills necessary to

- know the key enablers for growth of India
- understand the business and trade relationship in the new changed business order
- get an insight for preparedness for tapping the opportunities
- understand collaborative opportunities and re-orient business statics

AGENDA

Session I - Health Care & Social Sector

Income growth and development to achieve United Nations developmental goals of raising Global living standards has got our Government to invest heavily in the education and health. However, the biggest challenge has been the poor governance and corruption faced by the Government in the healthcare sector. There have been quite a few initiatives being rolled out to streamline the system but still a lot needs to be done.

With the coming in of the private sector, quality of health services has certainly improved. The private healthcare system in India has grown vastly and is now well established and flourishing. Generally, in the past few years, the healthcare sector has made significant advancements owing to technology. The miniaturization of medical devices and more powerful wearables will continue to transform both prevention and cure in healthcare.

AI (artificial intelligence) and ML (machine learning) is now being used to create solutions for the sector.

Session II - Role of Technology in India Exclusive Growth

Our nation has progressed remarkably in the last 70 years on many fronts. India is today emerging as a force to reckon with because of its sheer economic size & demographics advantage. Technological advancement and economic growth is truly related with each other. In fact, the technology can be regarded as primary source in economic development and the technological up gradation contributes significantly towards the development of the nation.

The rapid rate of growth can be achieved through high level of technology. It is observed that innovation or technological progress is the only determinant of economic progress. But if the level of technology becomes constant the process of growth stops. Thus, it is the technological progress which keeps the economy moving. Inventions and innovations are largely responsible for rapid economic growth in development of a nation. India has been ranked as the top exporter of information and communication technology (ICT) services and second in innovation quality in 2017.

Session III – Infrastructure

Infrastructure is a major sector that propels overall development of the Indian economy. It is a key driver for the Indian economy. India's less spending on real estate, power, telecommunications, construction, and transportation prevented the country from achieving high rate of growth. Now the Government has initiated policies that would ensure time-bound creation of world class infrastructure in the country with focus on infrastructure building such as power, bridges, dams, roads etc.

The changing infrastructure landscape in India has generated significant interest from international investors. According to the DIPPP, FDI received in Construction Development sector (townships, housing, built up infrastructure and construction development projects) from April 2000 to March 2017 stood at US\$ 24.3 billion. Infrastructure Sector Growth Rate in India GDP thus has increased over the last few years due to the efforts that have been made by the Indian government. The government of India must continue to take steps to improve the Infrastructure Sector in the country.

Session IV – Energy Sector

As a responsible global citizen, India committed to achieving an ambitious set of goals in Paris in December, 2015. In keeping with the goals set and the strategy articulated in the National Action Plan on Climate Change, India has made tremendous progress in encouraging generation and distribution of clean energy across the country. Under the leadership of the Prime Minister, central and state ministries have developed plans, policies and strategies that will enable public and private sector actors to actively engage, participate and contribute to this journey.

The session will bring in knowledge leaders from the field to discuss the challenges that will have to be met to achieve these goals. It will focus on innovative solutions developed and executed by different stakeholders to expand energy access and strengthen the availability of clean energy.

Session V – The Role of Education in the Demographic Dividend

India is the youngest nation in the world with average age as 29 years and about 65% as the working age population (between 15 to 60 years of age). By 2020, more than 50% of our population would be below the age of 25 years. This constitutes a demographic dividend for India as a large number of young workers can propel the economy to higher growth for a long time. However, this demographic dividend can be harvested only if our young population is provided quality education and a skilled workforce is created by providing them relevant skills. The role of educational institutions becomes of paramount importance to achieve this objective since the recent surveys of CII have shown that about 78% of our engineering graduates are unemployable. Also India has yet to witness an Indian University among the top world class universities as per the global ranking surveys. The factors responsible for this and the possible solutions will be discussed in this session.

THOUGHT LEADERS

To be announced soon.....

WHO SHOULD ATTEND

Industry leaders from Healthcare, Infrastructure, Technology, Entertainment, Food & Agriculture, NGOs, Academicians and Professionals from Public and Private Sector.

About Delhi Management Association (DMA)

DMA is a Centre of Management Excellence to facilitate individuals and organizations to realize true potential through superior Management Practices. Established in the year 1955, Delhi Management Association (DMA) is a premier professional body devoted to evolving and disseminating latest management principles & practices and acts as a “Think Tank”. DMA is a non-profit and autonomous entity which focuses on providing a wide range of services aimed at enhancing managerial effectiveness in the broad sphere of business management activities.

DMA is founded on the belief that good management achieves social objectives through the best use of material, human energy and time and with satisfaction for the participants and the public. The association has a distinguished membership with professionals from Govt., PSUs, Corporate, Private Organizations and Academic Institutions.

Administrative Details

Date :
Registration : 9.15 a.m. to 9.45 a.m.
Programme timing : 9.45 a.m. to 5.15 p.m.
Venue : India Habitat Centre, Lodhi Road, New Delhi

Participation Fee * Delegate Fee (inclusive of 18% GST)

Rs. 3000/- for DMA/AIMA Members

Rs. 4000/- for Non-Members

Rs. 2500/- for Academicians

(Participation Fee is inclusive of lunch, reading material and other expenses). Cheque/DD should be drawn in favour of **Delhi Management Association**. Once the registration of a nominee is confirmed and he or she is unable to attend the programme, the fee is non-refundable. However, participation by a substitute for the programme shall be allowed.

For Participation/ Registration please contact:

Ms. Omana Mathews, Administrative Officer, Delhi Management Association
Core 6A, 1st Floor, India Habitat Centre, Lodi Road, New Delhi- 110003.

Tel: 24649551, 24649552 **Telefax:** 24649553

E-mail: info@dmadeli.org **Website:** dmadeli.org

Sponsorship Opportunities for Corporates

The sponsoring organizations would stand to gain mileage in terms of immense exposure, Media coverage and reaching to high nucleus of decision makers/ corporate managers and thereby recognizing excellence and branding with one of the premier and vibrant body of Management Professionals.

FOR SPONSORING ORGANIZATIONS: AS PER ANNEXURE- I

For branding options, please Contact:

Rajan Pandhi

Director, Delhi Management Association

Mobile: 9810877615 (M)

Email: rajan.pandhi@gmail.com or rajan.pandhi@dmadeli.org